

Greening Checklist for 2021

Permanent Grassland

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Permanent grassland is land used to grow grasses or other herbaceous forage, either naturally (self-seeded) or through cultivation (sown), that is more than five years old. If you have permanent grassland on your holding you will need to comply with the rules associated with permanent grassland.

Answer each question below with a yes, no or n/a to help check if you are complying with the rules for the 2021 scheme year. If the rules are applicable to you, and you are compliant, your answers to the questions should be yes.

- If you have permanent grassland on your holding that is designated as Environmentally Sensitive Grassland, have you **not** ploughed or converted it?



Pictures above: examples of Environmentally Sensitive Grassland

- If you have land parcels that only contain permanent grassland (PGRS) and/or open grazed woodland (WDG) have you prepared a Nitrogen Fertiliser and Lime Plan?

- Does your plan contains the following information:
 - Individual land parcel identifiers (LPIDs) of your permanent grassland or open grazed woodland?
 - Whether inorganic nitrogen fertiliser or lime is or is not to be applied to your permanent grassland or open grazed woodland land parcels?
 - If inorganic nitrogen fertiliser or lime is to be applied, the quantities that you intend to apply?

- Have you completed your Nitrogen Fertiliser and Lime Plan by the 9th June and retained it on your holding?



Pictures above: examples of permanent grassland

Note: The ratio of permanent grassland compared to the total agricultural area claimed must not decrease by more than 5%. The maintenance of this ratio will be monitored at a national level, not individual farm level.