



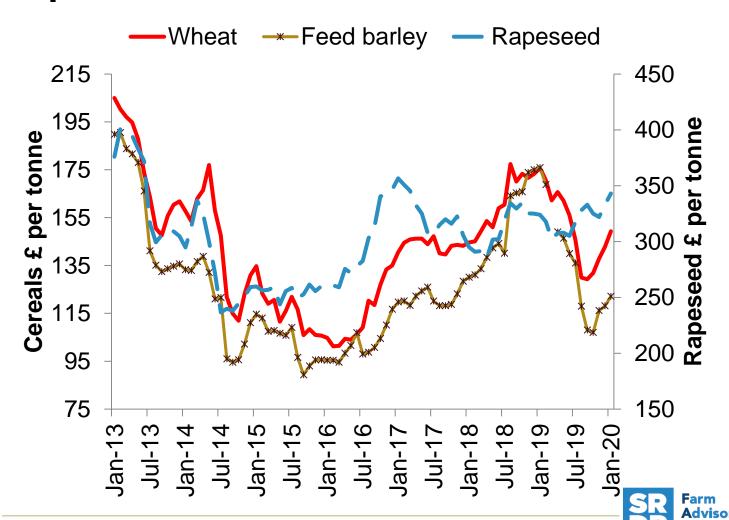


## Market risks and opportunities in 2020 and beyond

Julian Bell, Senior Consultant, SAC Consulting, SRUC julian.bell@sac.co.uk

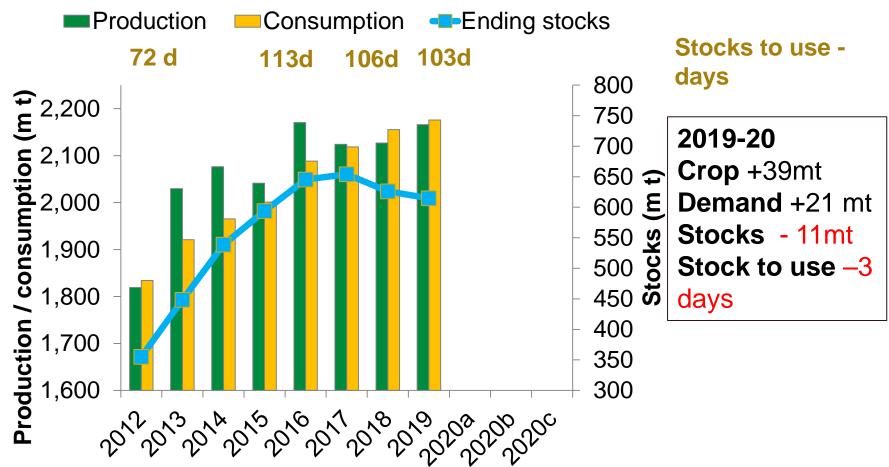
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# Cereal prices recover a little but still down on a year ago - wheat -£26/t, feed barley - £53/t Rapeseed +£20/t



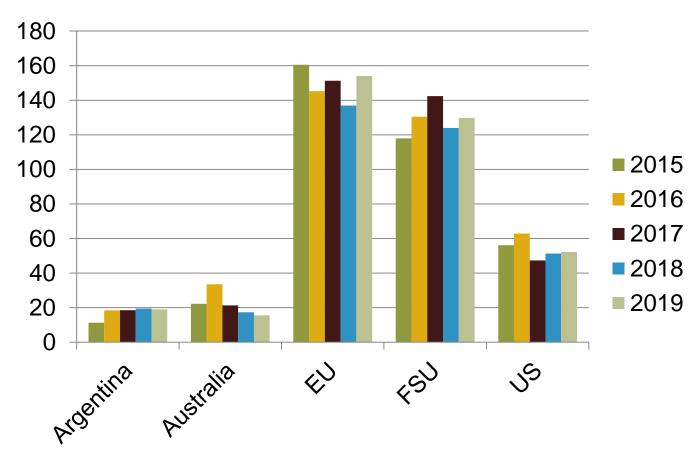
Source: AHDB, SAC Consulting

## 2019: world grain harvest falls behind usage for 2nd year in a row, S/U lowest in 5 years



## But big crops in Europe hit our prices

- world wheat crop 34mt higher in 2019
- EU up 17mt, Russia/FSU up 6mt,





## EU grain output up 10% in 2019

			Change	- '19 vs
	2018	2019	'18	
	(mt)	(mt)	(mt)	(%)
Wheat	127	145	18	+14%
Barley	56	62	6	+10%
Spring				
barley	29	30	1	+2%
Total				
grains	281	308	27	+10%

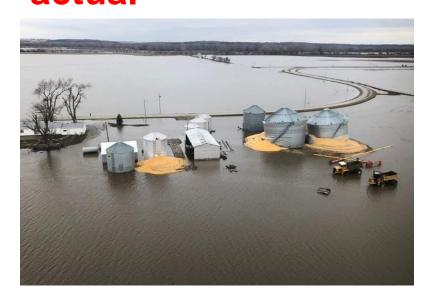
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#### **Make America Late Again**

 the latest spring sowings on record but farmers and crops made an amazing comeback

US 2019 maize crop estimates cut from 381mt to 347mt ....325mt was possible ... 361mt actual

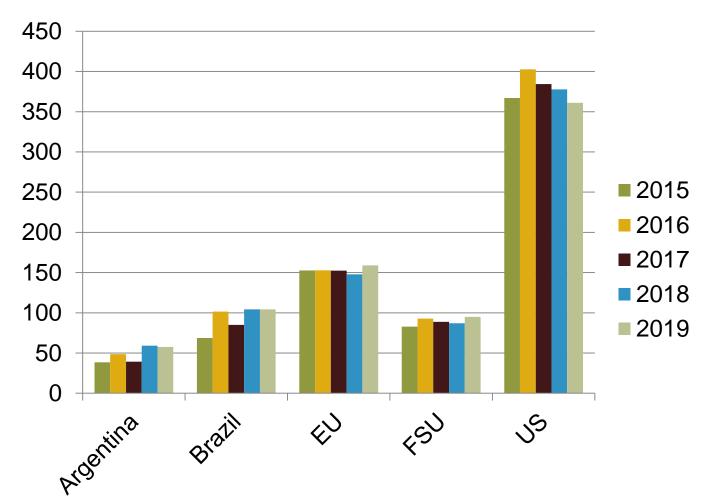






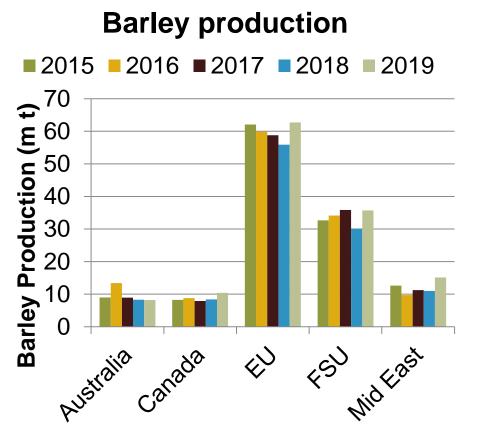
#### World feed grain crop 6mt higher in 2019

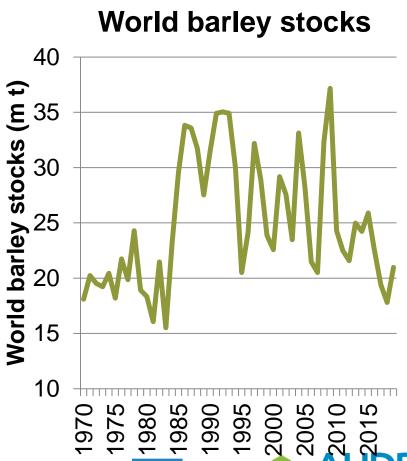
- EU, FSU up, US down





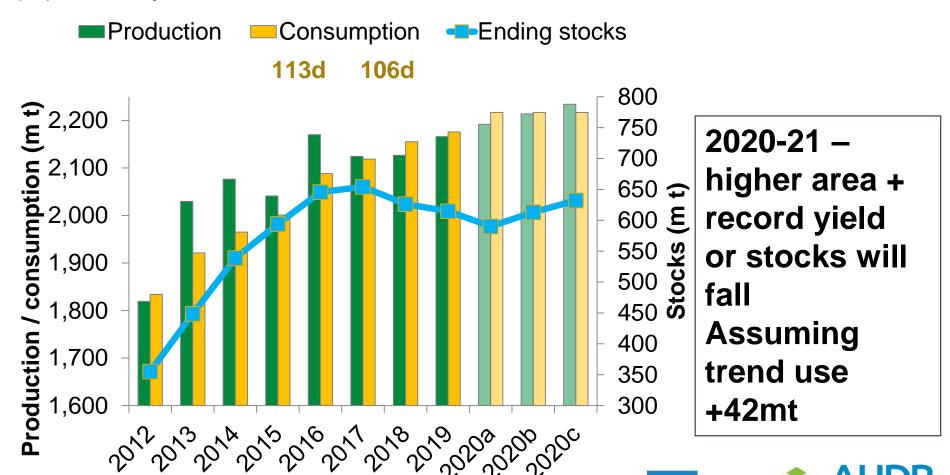
## Barley – world output up 17mt to 156.7mt in 2019 - on bigger crops in EU, FSU, Mid East





#### 2020 world harvest; higher area AND yield needed

- (A) 2019 yield, +5m ha area = 25 mt fall in stock
- (B) Trend yield +5m ha area = 2 mt fall in stocks
- (C) Trend yield, +10m ha area = +18mt rise in stocks



# UK a large wheat surplus in 2019 – export or carry over in 2020 – if carried over, could be large export surplus next season too! Or higher UK ethanol use.

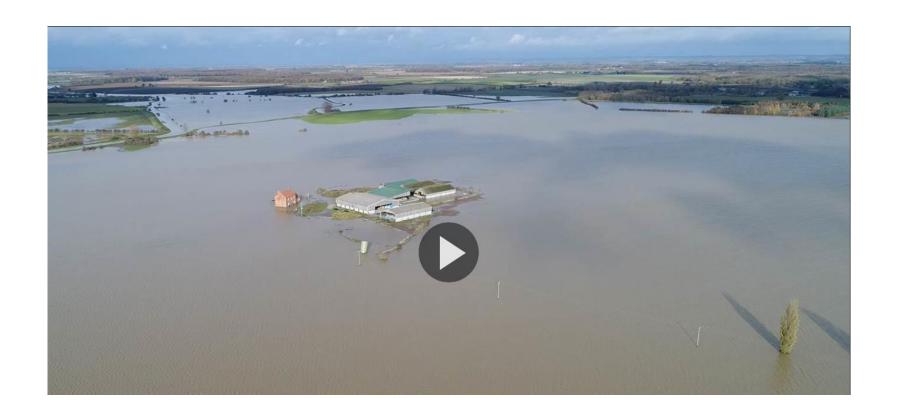
UK wheat			
'000 t	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Open Stocks	1,718	1,911	2,787
Production	13,555	16,283	13,651
Imports	1,858	1,050	1,750
Available	17,131	19,244	18,188
Human Use	6,976	6,876	6,800
Animal Feed	7,403	7,477	7,200
Seed etc	349	362	349
<b>Domestic Use</b>	14,728	14,715	14,349
<b>Exports/surplus</b>	358	1,742	2,139
<b>End Stocks</b>	1,911	2,787	1,700
Net trade	-1,500	692	389





#### Wet autumn to cut UK autumn planting -

- England worse hit, Scotland also affected





## UK – wet autumn to slash winter cereal area, boost spring barley in 2020 - AHDB

UK	2019 harvest	2020 harvest	Change	Change
	('000's ha)	('000's ha)	(%)	('000's ha)
Wheat	1,816	1,631	-10%	-185
Winter barley	453	395	-13%	-58
Spring barley	710	929	31%	219
Oats	182	201	10%	19
OSR	530	414	-22%	-116
Total	3,691	3,570	-3%	-121





#### UK 2019/20 large barley surplus

expected to continue in 2020/21 – Brexit risk

UK barley			
'000 t	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Open Stocks	1,076	1,091	1,367
Production	6,510	8,180	8,328
Imports	70	52	52
Available	7,656	9,323	9,747
Human Use	1,903	1,929	1,929
Animal Feed	3,578	4,047	4,047
Seed etc	221	229	229
<b>Domestic Use</b>	5,702	6,205	6,205
Exports	893	1,751	2,175
<b>End Stocks</b>	1,091	1,367	1,367





## Largest Scottish cereal crop in 5 years, up 22% on strong yields – 3.07mt up 560kt on 2018

Scotland	WHEAT			
	Area (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Prod'n (t)	
2015	109,562	9.30	1,019,182	
2016	109,594	8.45	925,992	
2017	109,489	8.12	889,308	
2018	99,778	6.83	681,000	
2019	107,480	8.72	936,865	
Change			255,865	

2020	98,000	8.39	822,220
	,		- , -

Total barley up 286,000t (17%) to 1.94mt, £3-5/t price discount to England

Wheat up 255,000t (37%) to 1.94mt, erosion of Scottish premium to parity of £2-3/t over England

Scotland	SPRING BARLEY			
	Area (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Prod'n (t)	
2015	255,878	5.94	1,520,756	
2016	238,899	5.43	1,296,481	
2017	243,838	5.88	1,432,815	
2018	250,476	5.54	1,387,503	
2019	242,090	6.38	1,543,825	
Chanae	_	_	156.322	

2020	244,000	5.83	1,422,520
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## Scotland expected to see only a modest swing to spring crops in 2020 - AHDB

Scotland	2019 harvest	2020 harvest Change		Change
	('000's ha)	('000's ha)	(%)	('000's ha)
Wheat	107	98	-8%	-9
Winter barley	49	45	-8%	-4
Spring barley	242	244	1%	2
Oats	32	30	-6%	-2
OSR	32	29	-9%	-3
Total	462	446	-3%	-16

#### Note - treat with caution due to

- Small sample size - <5% of cropped area





## Malting barley use in Scotland – no more capacity until 2022, yields key

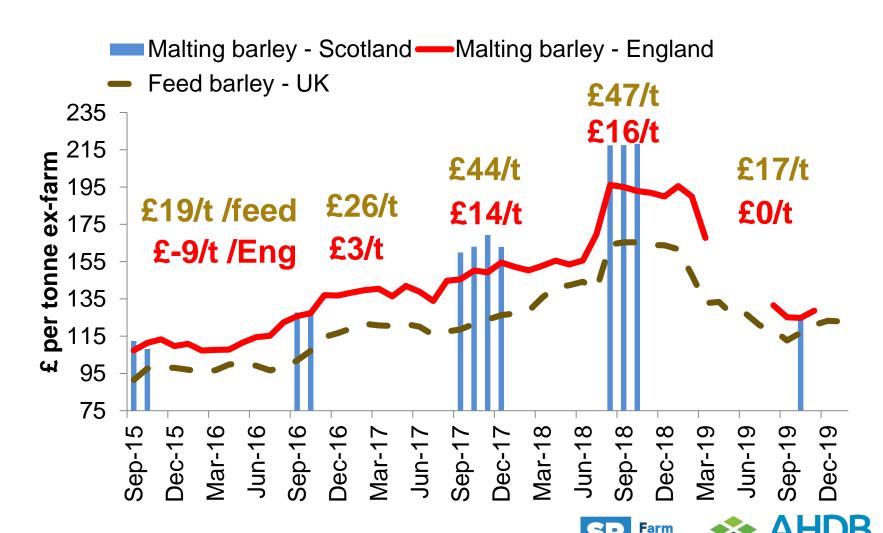
	Scottish / Berwick malting Spring barley purchases ('000's t)	Barley Crop	Est. Malting varieties (%)	Est. Malting varieties ('000's t)	Scottish malting purchases as % of malting varieties	Malting premium over feed £/t
2015	775	1,521	76%	1,156	67%	14
2016	765	1,296	64%	829	92%	28
2017	775	1,433	57%	815	95%	41
2018	810	1,338	72%	963	84%	47
2019	840	1,543	72%	1,111	76%	17
2020	840	1,422	72%	1,023	82%	40
2022	910					

Source: SAC Consulting MAGB, Scottish Government,



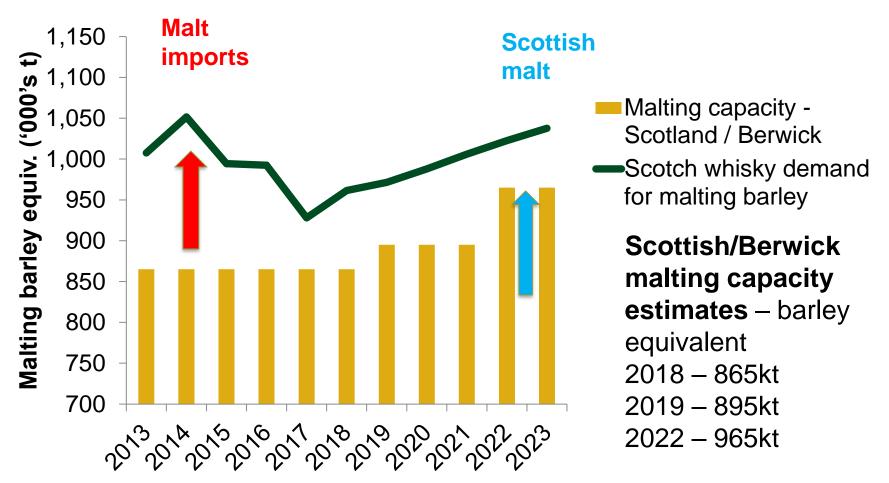


## Scottish malting barley in 2019 – price premium collapses to £17/t over feed, parity wi Engl malt. bar.



## New maltings planned - will need local barley to replace imported malt – US malt whisky tariffs?

- Bairds +30kt capacity in 2019, + 70kt by 2022 -



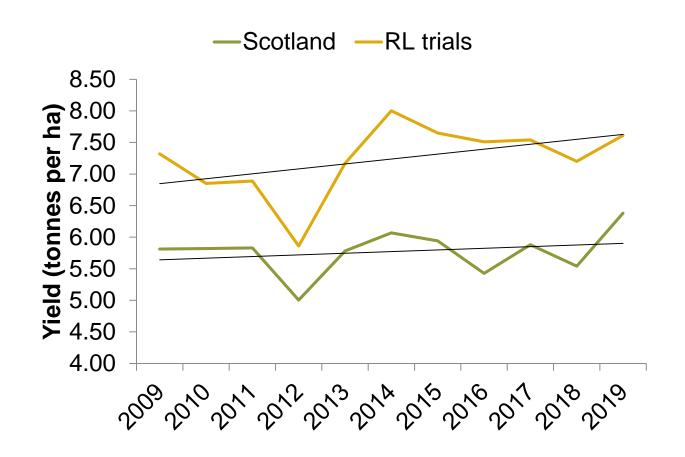






## Higher spring barley yields in Scotland

Has Laureate raised the bar on farm trend yields?

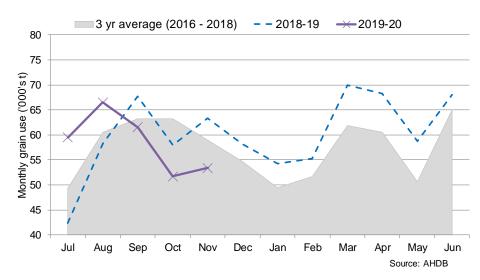






## Scottish wheat loses its price premium in 2019 on bigger crop - maize?

Distilling wheat use



## New crop Scottish wheat at a discount to French maize.

Premium of Scottish wheat over English

$$-2018 = +£5.60$$

$$-2019 = +£1.00$$

Why - 37% rise in Scots wheat crop to 937kt +285kt Distilling wheat use weak. Enough of a discount to encourage maize distillers to switch to wheat?

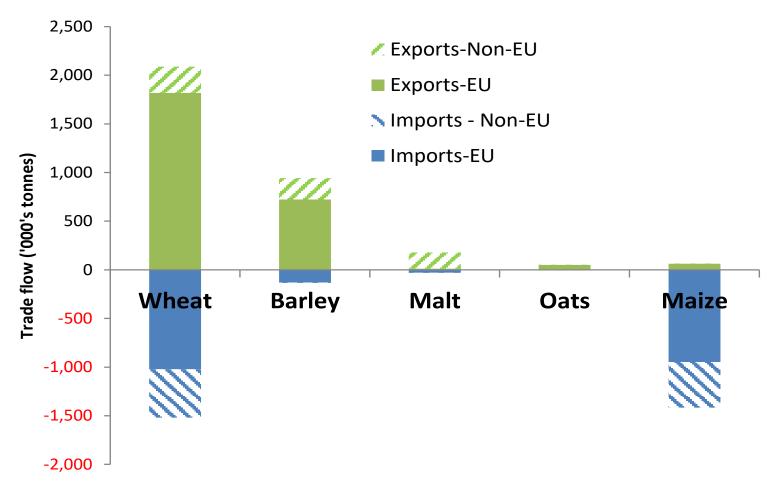
Delivery date	Spot - Jan'19	Spot - Jan'20	New crop - Nov'20
Wheat – delivered	188.5	158	174.0
Fr. Maize delivered	187.0	164	181.0
Fr. Maize - premium	- 1.5	- 6.0	- 7.0





## Trade with EU critical for all grains

70-80% of both UK imports and exports







## **Proposed post Brexit UK tariffs**

UK diverges from EU, removes protection for cereals

	EU TRQ	EU Tariff under TRQ	EU Tariff out of TRQ	UK Tariffs
Wheat (soft)	4.0Mt	€12/t	€95/t	£0/t
Barley	0.557Mt	€16/t	€93/t	£0/t
Malt	n/a	n/a	€131/t	£0/t

#### **Cereals and Brexit**

UK has announced zero Tariffs on 3rd country trade

- Net result
- Imports from EU and the world will be tariff free
- Removing previous protection afforded as an EU member. This may lower UK prices.
- Continued tariff free access of EU cereals (Danish malting barley, Fr wheat and maize) and cereal products (malt)
- Opening UK for first time to tariff free imports from <u>new</u> suppliers e.g. N America, Brazil, Ukraine, Australia



## **Future subsidy support post Brexit**

- some clarity to 2024, beyond?
- UK 2019 to 2020 as is (cut to LFASS in Scotland) + Convergence
- Scotland
- 2021 to 2024 continue Direct Payments system, some changes,
- > Post 2024 + continue with Direct Payments? Would coupled payments be allowed – SUSS, SBCS? Simplification? More Public Good?
- England
- 2020 to 2027 England phase out Direct Payments
- >Post 2028 England move to "public money for public goods"

# How do the prices you need compare with the market? SAC standard costs vs the current forward market for hvst 2020

		Winter wheat	Spring barley - malt	min price	Spring barley - feed (undersown)	Oilseed Rape
Yield - grain	(t/ha)	9.5	6.5		6.5	4.5
Current price - grain	(£/t)	160	165	175	130	310
Target yield						
Break even cost Current margin	(£/t) (£/t)	132 28	164 1	164 11	167 -37	248 62
Profit margin	,	18%	1%	7%	-22%	20%

## **Use AHDB Farm Bench for your farm**

- These are SAC estimates for illustration



## What do you do if the market is below the cost you need?

- No easy answer today .....it takes time to address
- 1) What can you do more to lower your costs?
- Work with a benchmarking group e.g. AHDB Crop Bench to identify opportunities
- 2) Extend your marketing window market opportunities come and go you need to think ahead
- 3) **Spread your sales** cover today's costs with today's sales autumn sowing costs



## Scottish grain prices - down in 2019 – harvest 2020 values £20/t higher (contracts more)

	Last year	This year			Next year
	Dec-18	Dec-19	Change		Nov-20
	(£/t)	(£/t)	(£/t)	(%)	(£/t)
Wheat (ex-f)	171	143	-£28	-16%	163
Feed barley (ex-f)	165	118	-£47	-28%	138
Distil. Barley (ex-f) # (Oct)	217	125	-£92	-42%	183
Brew. Barley (ex-f)	203	130	-£73	-36%	130
OSR (del.)	317	333	+£16	+5%	310





## **Key drivers in the cereal market**

- 1) World market down but not out
  - 2019 good EU and world harvest depresses prices but stocks still decline 2020 – world planting need to rise – are prices high enough?
- 2) UK still has a large surplus of wheat and barley export pace too slow
- 3) Wet, wet, wet UK wheat area down this autumn, how much to carryover?
- 4) Malting barley market could be well supplied in 2020 But still potential for distilling market in Scotland to diverge
- 5) Brexit calm before the storm during 2020? In an uncertain world focus on what you can control

Financial resilience, reduce trading risk post Dec 2020, keep your market options open, spread your risks









1) With Brexit and market volatility high - how far forward should farm businesses be marketing grain forward?



2) If Boris gets Brexit done by 31 January – will it still affect me in 2020 or can I ignore it for a year?



3) What can the Scottish cereal industry do to encourage more Scottish grain is used in whisky?



4) How important will UK ethanol be in supporting wheat prices in 2020?



5) Should we be looking at long term alternatives to growing feed barley?



6) Are you ready to go fully digital on arable production and marketing in the next five years?







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The European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development Europe investing in rural areas



## Should I sell forward given the heightened currency uncertainty? Well yes, with care.

- The sterling exchange rate is a natural hedge against a "Hard Brexit"; weaker currency = higher grain prices.
- Input costs will also rise but net farm income effect is positive
- On the other hand a favourable Brexit outcome and the £ strengthens = lower grain price.
- Response? sell forward a proportion of expected yield as usual to cover <u>current</u> costs (seed, fert, fuel) and sterling costs (rent, interest), hold grain unsold to cover future costs



## Wheat use in Scotland dominated by distilling

#### **Distilling**

- UK / Scotland use 500kt to 600kt
- Soft Group 3 & 4 well suited to Scotland
- Specific weight can be an issue in a poor year
- Distilling demand drives the Scottish wheat premium over English market (+ £5 -10/t)
- Main competition is imported maize

**Brexit** – "No deal" risks low to moderate – zero tariff on spirits, low or zero tariff on maize, but may re-direct more English wheat to Scotland

