



Woodland opportunities

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Benefits of Woods

- Sholter
- Shelter
- Source of firewood / chipwood for on-site boiler
- Alternative income stream, both grants and timber
- Reduction of diffuse pollution
- · Bank stabilisation
- Flood reduction
- Sporting











Benefits of Woods



- · Growing asset which adds value to farm
- · No income tax on timber sales or grants
- No capital gains tax on the growth in value of trees
- 100% relief on inheritance tax









Shelter Woods - Benefits



Livestock and pasture:

- Reduced wind speeds
 - reduced evapotranspiration
 - reduced evaporative chilling of livestock
 - improved lamb survival
 - reduced ewe mortality after shearing
 - improved weight gain
 - improved milk yields
 - reduced feed costs







Shelter Woods - Benefits



Livestock and pasture:

- Leaf fall
 - increased soil organic content, leading to:
 - improved soil water retention and nitrogen availability
- Buffering of features:
 - watercourses, reducing diffuse pollution
 - utilisation of marginal areas eg. seasonal flooding
 - 'trapping' features
- Animal health separation of herds



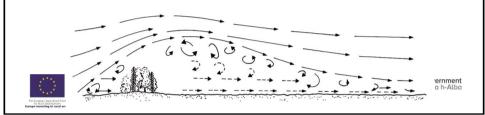




Shelter Design - Windbreak



- Permeable woodland (40 – 60% porosity)
- Reduces wind speed by up to 70%
- Wind speed reduction 20 30 times tree height
- Achieves reduced wind speeds across large area
- · Little turbulence, well above ground
- Best for crops and silage

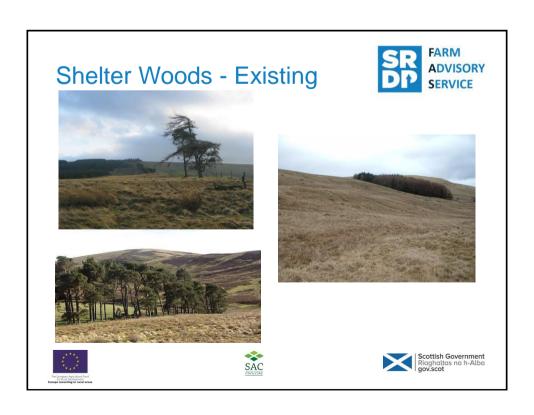




Shelter Woods - Existing



- Old and falling apart
 - Clear-fell and replant OR
 - Plant up gaps
- Just old
 - Fell trees to create small gaps in canopy
 - Plant trees in gaps
- Mature conifers
 - Thinning (heavily dependant on tree density and height), becomes more porous
 - Clear-fell and replant BUT loss of shelter
 (plant new parallel shelterbelt before felling?)



Shelter Woods - New



- Do you have any shelter, or need more shelter?
- Is it in the right place?
- Type of shelter required?
- Identify marginal ground is it in the right place?
- Problem winds prevailing or unusual direction?
- Ideal length > 20 times tree height
- · Ideal width at least 20m
- · North-south orientation minimises shade
- Conifers need harvested, loss of shelter









Shelter Woods - Grants



- · Grants for existing woods
 - Restocking grant
 - Other grants viable only at large scale
- · Grants available for new planting:
 - Lower density broadleaf grants
 - Sheep and trees
 - Maintenance payment for five years
 - Fencing and tube grants
 - BPS retained
 - Got to be sensible about shape and size to be viable







Woodland Grazing - Benefits



- Shelter from wind
- Overhead shelter (reduced rain and snow)
- · Woods retain heat in winter, cool in summer
- Can replace need for a shed
- · Improved soil nutrition
- Encourage natural regeneration (cattle)
- · Timber / firewood income







Woodland Grazing - Woodland



- Dense plantation all shelter, no grazing
- Old shelterbelt, falling apart all grazing, no shelter
- Conifers larch, Scots pine
- Broadleaves birch, oak, ash
- Mixed combination of above
- Ideally thinned, or group felled
- Young woodland in grant contract no grazing!!!







Woodland Grazing - Management

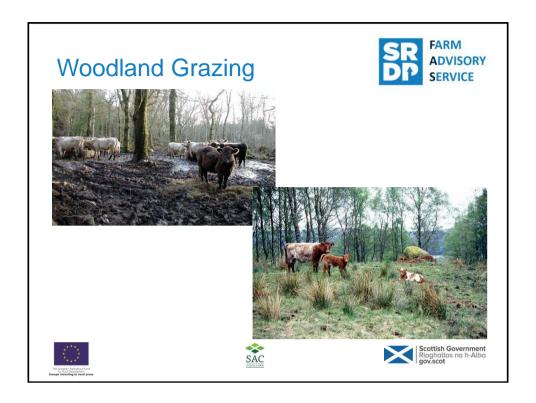


- Sheep
 - Graze anything, stops natural regeneration
 - If not fed trace nutrients, will strip bark on Scots pine
- Cattle
 - Break up vegetation, helps natural regeneration
 - Can damage buttress roots
- Year-round grazing low intensity
- Seasonal grazing higher intensity
- · Ideally autumn/winter
- · Different breeds, different habits









Summary



- Shelter woods
 - Wind shield (stop wind, good for livestock)
 - Wind break (slows wind, good for crops)
 - Manage through fell/replant, thin, or group fell
 - Consider long-term when planting woods







