

Update on 2020 trials

- Difficult autumn and dry spring
- Disease pressure lowered
- Backdrop of pesticide withdrawals
- Net zero targets
- Responsibilities towards biodiversity
- How can we optimise our fungicide programmes and reduce inputs with more confidence
- Managing resistance issues, including the use of multisites



SRUC East Lothian

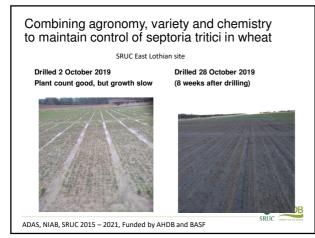






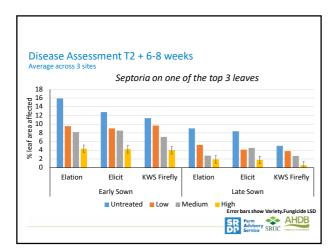
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Exceptionally dry spring capped disease levels | Figure | February | Februa

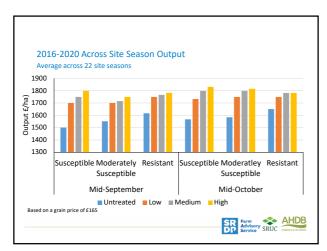




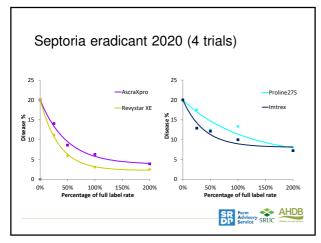


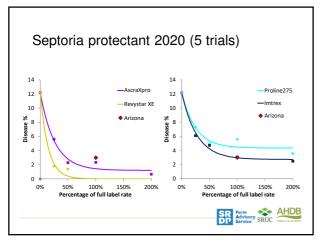


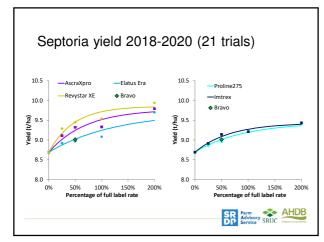


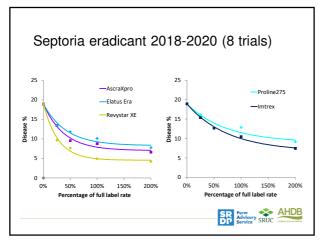


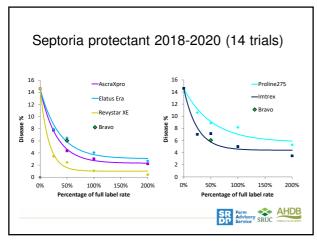
2016-2020 Across Site Season Output Average across 22 site seasons					
Sowing Date	Varietal Susceptibility	Incremental increase in output (£/ha) from fungicide treatment			
		Low	Medium	High	Total
Average over both sowing dates	Very susceptible	+182	+58	+41	+281
	Moderately susceptible	+157	+33	+25	+215
	Moderately resistant	+116	+25	+8	+149
Mid-September	Average over all three varieties	+160	+28	+33	+220
Mid-October		+143	+50	+17	+209
Mid-September	Very susceptible	+198	+50	+50	+298
Mid-October	Moderately resistant	+99	+33	0	+132

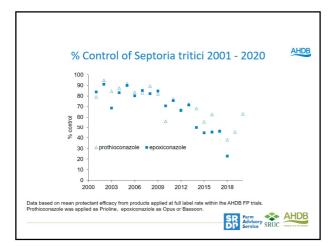


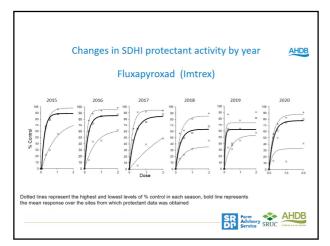


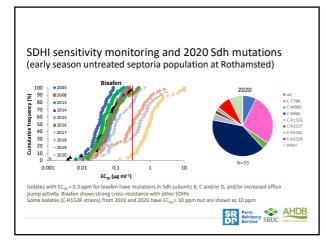


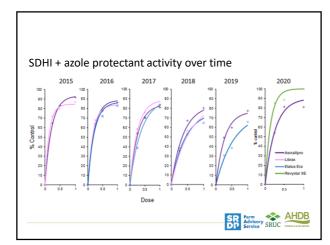












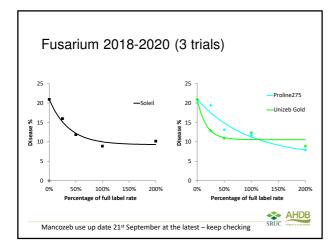
How will we retain efficacy in new and existing chemistry?

- Maximise use of low risk (multisite) fungicides as mixture partners
- Use minimum effective doses and balanced mixtures
- Limit use and alternate where possible





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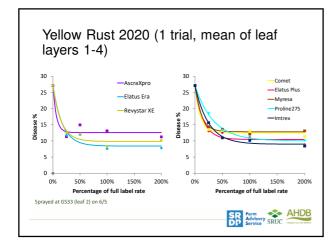
Acknowledgements

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- Bart Fraaije, Rothamsted Research / NIAB
- Stephen Kildea, Teagasc



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Yellow rust — a driver of T0s • Watch for session on 20th January 2021 Crop selection and variety performance • Variation between trial sites captured in new scoring system • New weighting system acknowledges race changes in recent years • T0s where risk is high (variety / situation / surveillance)



Wheat fungicide conclusions



- SDHI + azole mixtures continue to give the highest levels of control Revystar XE offers highly effective control, substantially better than Imtrex alone
- Possible further shift in SDHI sensitivity but overall efficacy similar to 2018/19
- Full dose Arizona gave good septoria protection in 2020, which was reflected in yield
- Target most effective products at most responsive timings
- Use new chemistry as a chance to alternate



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Take home actions

- Tailor fungicides to risk there is scope to reduce in late sown / resistant varieties
- Keep diversity in programmes we need to manage disease but mixes help efficacy and sustainability
- · Multisites add to efficacy and help with resistance management
- Build fungicide programmes from key timings and adjust throughout





