# **Co-operation and Collaboration Different Types of Co-operation and Collaboration**





29.06.21







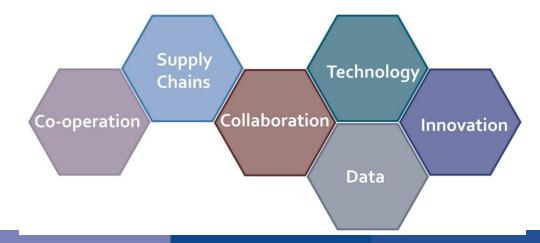






# Overview of Farm Co-operation in Scotland

Jim Booth 29th June 2021



#### Our co-ops work in a wide range of sectors



































### SAOS's member footprint and scale

#### OUR CO-OPS PRODUCE:





125,000 + tonnes of potatoes grown



443m litres of milk produced



of Scotland's 900kt of malting barley

Half of the oats grown, more than half of the oil seed rape, and around 20% of the wheat grown in Scotland



#### MEMBER CO-OP STATS:





25,000 members in total





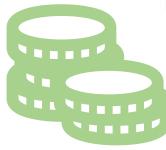
#### SCOTLAND'S MACHINERY RINGS:



£95.5m total throughput

#### What is a Co-op – how is it different?

- Farm **Advisory** Service

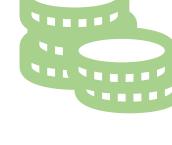


















- Members are both the **Owner** and **Customer**
- Focus is on **Member benefit**, not external shareholder returns
- Co-ops have multiple bottom lines
- Co-ops are all about **People**
- Co-ops help develop their Members
- Co-ops are based on a set of Values and 7 Principles
- Co-ops take a long-term view





#### Farm co-operation - the benefits



- Reduce costs
- Increase prices /income
- Improve bargaining power keeps the market fair
- Obtain access to markets
- Saves time, takes hassle away
- Route to manage risk and volatility
- Access to Innovation keeping up-to-date
- Helps build farm resilience
- Supports rural communities
- Protects family farms



Overcomes the main problem – FRAGMENTATION







#### **The Member Wears Multiple Hats**

**Owner** 





# Why do some farmers not co-operate?



Image/Perception



Selective memories



Mindset/Change...







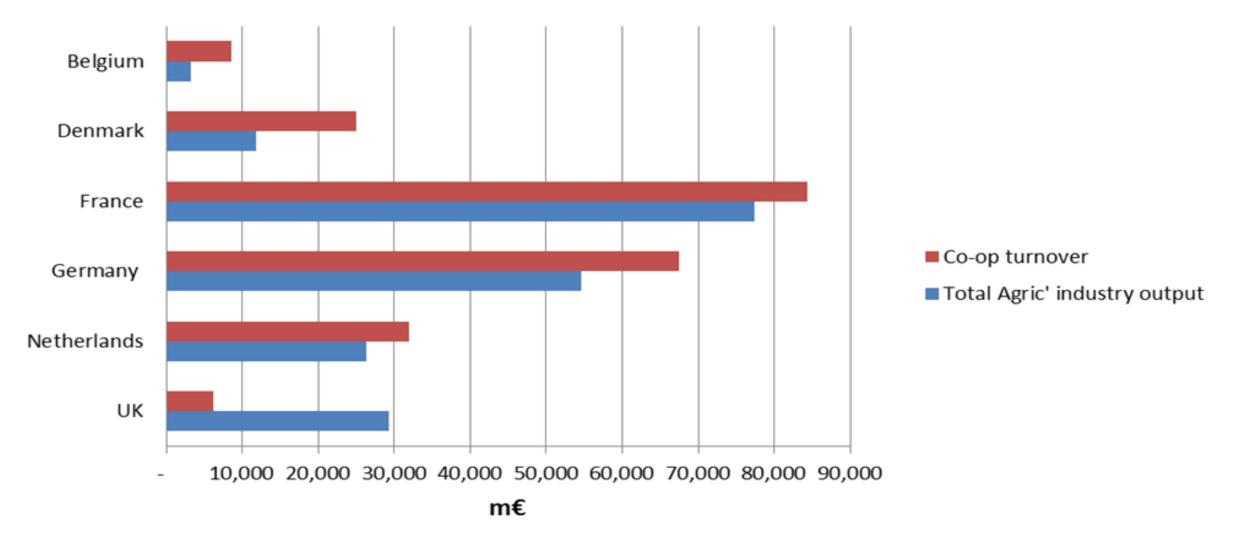




#### How do we compare with the rest of Europe?



#### Agric' output compared to co-operative sector turnover



## Steps in creating a new Co-op





#### **Different Type of Co-ops**

- Marketing Co-ops
- Input Supply Co-ops
- Machinery Rings
- Specialised Services
- Community Co-ops
- Multipurpose Co-ops



# The Scottish Potato Co-op (SPC) Our Story

Russel Brown, SPC Chairman SRUC Webinar 29<sup>th</sup> June 2021



# The need — why form a new potato marketing co-op?

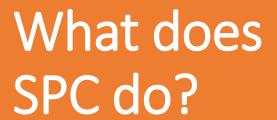
- Growers frustrated having no power simply 'price-takers'
- Behaviour of the multi-retailers; tendering contracts
- Poor returns, lack of profitability, high costs and risks
- Challenge finding alternative markets for potatoes that don't make packing grade

In summary; not a sustainable model, bleak future prospects



# How Created?

- Pulled together a core group of interested growers
- Needs leadership important role of Fraser Malcolm
- Expert input from SAOS on the co-op side
- Conducted market research
- Input from Accountants
- Created a common purpose and future vision for the Co-op
- Targeted a group of professional, high quality ware growers
- Created a Prospectus, spoke to interested growers





- Market Focused work collaboratively with customers
- Manage the supply and demand to ensure all-year round supply
- Operate **pool pricing** across main categories of potatoes
- Risk is shared across the co-op built "contingency fund"
- Negotiate contracts
- **Develop new markets** for surplus and class 2 potatoes
- Regularly assess quality.
- Schedule uplift, delivery and payment
- Collective purchasing of seed
- Give growers a fair return, build resilience



# Key Success Factors

- Good planning, get all the foundations in place
- People Quality and ability of the Marketing Agent
- Attention to detail to ensure quality potatoes
- Strong governance practices Board meets bimonthly. Receive detailed monthly reports.
- Ensure members are engaged and committed effective communications
- Having accurate real-time information system is essential.
- **Deliver results!** good prices, market all the potatoes, control costs



☐ Family farm, 280 ha farmed - 253 ha owned including 1 croft □ 100 Suckler Cows progeny finished, 250 mule ewes, some contracting ■ 8 Let cottages, 200kw Biomass system and 10kw solar ☐ 160 ha arable, 70 ha permanent grass, 50 ha woodland 2SSSI's ☐ Staff - myself, occasional casual, and Contractors ■ Rotation

# My co-op journey

- Farm started with Moray Firth Lamb in 1980's
- Followed by joining HBS (Highland Machinery Ring) in 1989
- We joined Highland Grain and Scottish Agronomy in 1997
- I worked for HBS from 1999-2002
- Director of HG 2006-2018
- Currently a director of Scottish Agronomy



## Highland Business Services (HBS)





Why I use HBS?



## **Highland Grain Advantages**

- Strength in numbers
- Spread costs, adds value
- Always a home for barley
- Peace of mind
- Ad hoc issues
- Quick payment
- Core values of integrity, transparency and accountability

## **Scottish Agronomy**

- Formed 1985, 200+ members
- Independent impartial Trials led Agronomy
- Members from the Tweed to Tain
- Covers 50,000 ha cereals
- Looks after 25% of Scotland's potato area
- 20,000 trial plots
- Member focus
- Choice of service levels
- Knowledge Hub





# Why do I use Scottish Agronomy

- Up to date trials led advice
- More independence in Agronomy decisions
- Group based learning
- Value for money
- Flexibility

#### **Other Co-ops:**

- Owned by farmer members for farmers members benefit
- One member one vote
- Work in the best interest of members





